

Legislative Council Staff

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Final Fiscal Note

Drafting Number: LLS 22-0720 **Date:** June 15, 2022 **Prime Sponsors:** Rep. Exum; Van Winkle Bill Status: Signed into Law Sen. Zenzinger; Hisey Fiscal Analyst: Will Clark | 303-866-4720 Will.Clark@state.co.us **Bill Topic:** MOTOR VEHICLE DIGITAL NUMBER PLATES Summary of ☐ State Revenue ☐ TABOR Refund **Fiscal Impact:** ☐ State Transfer ☐ Statutory Public Entity The bill allows registered vehicle owners in Colorado to use digital license plates. The bill increases state and local expenditures from FY 2022-23 through FY 2027-28. **Appropriation** No appropriation is required. **Summary: Fiscal Note** The fiscal note reflects the enacted bill.

Summary of Legislation

Status:

Starting in FY 2022-23, the bill allows Colorado vehicle owners to use digital license plates instead of the metal plates issued by the Department of Revenue (DOR). The digital plates must display the vehicle's registration and expiration date, and be clearly visible at a distance of one hundred feet in normal sunlight. The DOR may allow messages to be displayed on digital plates in addition to other functionality made possible by the use of digital technology, and must coordinate with the Colorado State Patrol to adopt rules that set standards and requirements for the use of digital license plates. The DOR must review the implementation of digital plates after one year and submit a report with comments and recommendations to the General Assembly. The allowance for usage of digital license plates is repealed on September 1, 2027, and requires a sunset review by the Department of Regulatory Agencies before that date.

Assumptions

The fiscal note assumes that vehicle owners who choose to use digital license plates will continue to register with the DOR, receive metal license plates and pay all applicable fees as currently outlined in statute. The fiscal note also assumes that the DOR will not charge or receive additional fees related to usage of digital license plates, but that DOR will be responsible for authorizing vendors to provide allowable digital license plates and related services in Colorado.

State Expenditures

Starting in FY 2022-23, the bill increases expenditures for multiple state agencies, as described below.

Regulation of digital license plate vendors. Starting in FY 2022-23, expenditures will increase for the DOR to select a vendor or vendors that can offer digital license plates in Colorado, using standard state procurement rules and processes. The fiscal note assumes that any work to authorize a vendor, enter into agreements, and regulate usage of allowable digital license plates and services can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

Regulation of digital license plate usage. The DOR will have costs to update rules, forms, manuals and websites to reflect new rules for the usage of digital license plates, and workload will increase in the Colorado State Patrol to consult with the DOR about new standards and regulations. The DOR will also provide training to authorized agents, Vehicle Services Section staff, law enforcement and other entities affected by the bill. Law enforcement and state enterprises that rely upon license plate scanners and other automated systems may need to update their systems to properly read and capture information from digital license plates. This fiscal note assumes that costs for updates, training and changes to automated systems can be achieved within existing appropriations.

Review of digital license plate implementation. The DOR must review implementation of digital license plates within one year of the bill's effective date, and submit a report with comments and recommendations from the Colorado State Patrol and other interested individuals to the General Assembly. The fiscal note assumes this workload can be achieved within existing appropriations.

Local Government

Starting in FY 2022-23, local governments will update policies and procedures to reflect changes in allowable usage of digital license plates. Local governments may also have costs to ensure that any automated systems they oversee or operate for scanning license plates are updated to properly read and capture information from digital license plates. These costs will vary by local government, and are dependent upon usage of automated technologies.

Effective Date

The bill was signed into law by the Governor on April 22, 2022, and takes effect on August 9, 2022, assuming no referendum petition is filed.

State and Local Government Contacts

CorrectionsCountiesCounty ClerksInformation TechnologyMunicipalitiesPublic SafetyRevenueSheriffsTransportation